

产品安全性资料

Material Safety Data Sheet

锂原电池 (锂金属电池)

Lithium Primary Battery (Lithium Metal Battery)

Document Number: MCRA003W Revision:32

2017年 4月 18日

Date: 2017/4/18

1 . 产品及生产商 Product & Manufacturer

(1) 产品分类 二氧化锰一次性锂电池 / 锂金属电池

Product Classification Manganese-dioxide Lithium Primary Battery / Lithium Metal Battery(2) 电池标称电压及锂含量 Battery Nominal Voltage & Lithium Content

品名 <u>Battery Model</u>	标称电压[V] <u>Nominal Voltage</u>	锂含量 <u>Lithium Content</u>	
GPCR2/3A	3	0.560g	3.57%
GPCR123A	3	0.560g	3.57%
GPCR2	3	0.268g	2.69%
GPCR-P2	6	1.120g	3.02%
GP2CR5	6	1.120g	2.87%
GPCR-V9	9	0.804g	2.40%
GPCR14250	3	0.27g	2.70%
GP15LF	1.5	0.96g	6.62%
GP24LF	1.5	0.43g	6.14%

(3) 生产商 Manufacturer

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【注意】 [Remark]

电池非化学物质，非混合物，而是产品。

Batteries are neither chemicals nor mixtures, but products.

电池的化学物质被密封在可靠的金属钢壳中，防止其向外流出。

The chemicals of battery shall be sealed in the reliable steel shell, preventing it from outflux.

正常的搬用及使用，不会伤害人体的健康。

The normal use and transportation of batteries will not cause health damage.

本资料阐述了异常使用时的潜在危险，主要目的是为了让大家了解电池中所含有的化学物质，保管时的注意，以及电池运输法规相关的情报。

This instruction states the potential dangers in abnormal use and aims to introduce those batteries' chemicals, admonish some storage cautions and transportation regulations of batteries.

2. 电池的组成及成分 Components of Lithium Primary Battery

成分 <u>Component</u>	CAS No.	組成 <u>Content</u>
二氧化锰 <u>Manganese-Dioxide</u>	1313-13-9	30 ~ 40 wt%
锂金属 <u>Lithium Metal</u>	7439-93-2	2 ~ 4 wt%
电解液[有机电解液混合物] <u>Electrolyte [Organic Electrolyte Mixture]</u>	-	10 ~ 14 wt%
铁 <u>Iron</u>	7439-89-6	32 ~ 38 wt%
碳 <u>Carbon</u>	7440-44-0	3 ~ 5 wt%
聚丙烯 <u>Polypropylene</u>	9003-07-0	2 ~ 4 wt%
聚乙烯 <u>Polyethylene</u>	9002-88-4	1 ~ 2 wt%
其他 <u>Others</u>	-	3 ~ 4 wt%

3. 危险性 Risks

①重要的危险性 无相关情报
Significant Risk No reference

②特有的危险性 无相关情报
Peculiar Risk No reference

③可预想的非常情况概要

Overview of foreseeable abnormal situations:

- 化学成分都密封在钢壳中，如果电池的保管方式等不正常的话，是有可能泄露出来的。
- Chemicals in the steel may leak out in improper storage.
- 电池投入火中。或者放在100°C以上的环境中可能会导致破裂· 发火。
- The battery may burst or catch fire if it is disposed in fire or placed at the temperature over 100°C.
- 电池堆放、混放等导致短路时、电池可能会发热并破裂· 着火。
- The short-circuit caused by batteries stack or mixture may lead to battery heat, burst or fire.

※我司电池不属于GHS 分类区分。

※GHS classifications do not apply to our batteries.

4. 应急措施 First Aid Measures

情况 <u>Case</u>	应急措施 <u>First Aid Measures</u>
吸入时 <u>Inhalation</u>	电池内的成分泄露，吸入体内时，应转移到空气新鲜的场所，并马上就医。 <u>Seek fresh air and immediately get medical attention after inhaling leaking component.</u>
粘到皮肤时 <u>Skin Contact</u>	电池成分泄露粘到皮肤时，肥皂擦洗后，用大量的清水冲洗。 长时间搁置会导致皮肤炎症等，应马上就医。 <u>Wash affected area with plenty of soap and water. If irritation develops, get medical attention.</u>
不慎入眼时 <u>Eye Contact</u>	电池内成分泄露进入眼睛时，应立即用清水冲洗15分钟以上后，马上去医院就诊。长时间搁置会导致眼镜障碍。 <u>Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops, get medical attention.</u>
饮入时 <u>Ingestion</u>	不慎饮入电池时、需立刻就医。 <u>Get medical attention immediately if ingestion.</u>

5 . 火灾时的措施 Fire Exinction Measures

P-3/6

灭火器 : 粉末灭火剂、水溶性液体泡消类药剂、粉末灭火药剂、水喷雾、二氧化碳、干沙等。

Fire extinguisher: Carbon dioxide; fire foam; dry sand; water spray and powder etc.

灭火方法 : 为防止火种蔓延、将电池移至安全场所。如果电池的包装材料是纸质的话 , 一般用水、二氧化碳、粉末消火剂灭火。

燃烧时的蒸汽会刺激眼睛、鼻子、嗓子等 , 灭火应该在上风口 , 根据情况需要佩戴口罩。

Means of extinction: Remove batteries to safe place to avoid fire spread. Use water, carbon dioxide, powder if the materials for packing is paper. Burning vapour may cause irritation to eyes, nose and throat. Hence, it is suggested put out the fire in the draught. Use mask when necessary.

6 . 泄漏时的措施 Measures for Leakage

化学成分虽然被密封在钢壳之中、但是电池被使用于设备时误操作的话 , 会导致成分泄露。

此时应采取以下措施 :

If misuse the battery at application, though protected by steel, the chemicals can may vent. In such case, take measures below:

对于人体的注意事项 : 电解液短时间被人吸入、或粘到皮肤 , 不会对人体健康造成大的危险, 但是一定要呼吸新鲜的空气 , 并将电解液洗干净。

Health Cautions: The electrolyte may not cause great damage to health as soon as inhalation or contact to skin, but it should be cleaned immediately, and fresh air would help.

对于环境的注意事项 : 需进行彻底清洁 , 对于环境没有特别注意事项。

Environmental Cautions: Clean thoroughly, no significant damage to environment.

回收、中和、封口的方法·

器具 : 将漏出物集中到一起放入空容器中、根据规定做废弃处理。

Measures/container for collection, neutralization and crimping:

Collect in an empty container and dispose according to regulations.

7 . 保管注意 Storage

保管注意 Caution:

(1) 电池充电、短路、分解、变形、过热时不要投入火中。

(1) Do not dispose batteries to fire in case of charge, short-circuit, disassembling, disformation or heat.

(2) 不要重叠 , 混放电池。

(2) Do not stack or mix batteries

(3) 不要将电池放在金属容器、金属板、静电防止材上。

(3) Do not place batteries in metal container, metal sheet or antistatic materials.

(4) 使用多个电池的器械 , 更换电池时、要一次性将电池全部换掉。

(4) Batteries should be changed at the same time when used in a multiple-cell applied device.

(5) 保存在通风、干燥阴凉的地方。

(5) Stored in a dry and cool place with good ventilation.

(6) 捆包要注意雨水、雪、霜、结露。

(6) Avoid water, snow, frost or condensation of moisture when packing.

(7) 不要保存在热源热风吹出口的附近。

(7) Do not place batteries near heat or hot air outlet.

(8) 不要保存在阳光直射的场所。

(8) Do not expose batteries to sun directly.

(9) 从寒冷的地方转移到高温的地方时 , 要注意结露。

(9) Avoid condensation of moisture when transferring batteries from cold to hot place.

(10) 在仓库内设置多个灭火器。

(10) Provide several fire extinguishers in the warehouse.

8 . 防止暴露及保护措施 Exposure Control and Protective Measures

正常的保存不需要特别的保护用具。但是异常使用于器械或电器时可能会有大量的电解液漏出、需要使用以下的防护用具。

No special protection tools needed for normal usage. In case of abnormal use in devices or appliances, electrolyte may leak and certain protection tools should be used as below:

呼吸保护用具：面罩（附带呼吸器）

Respiratory protective equipment: Respirators (with apparatus respiratorius)

护手用具：合成橡胶手套

Hand protective equipment: Synthetic rubber gloves

眼睛保护用具：防护眼镜

Eye protective equipment: Protective spectacles

9 . 物理或化学性质 Physical/Chemical Property

状态：固体 States: Solid

形状：角形 Form: Dihedral

10 . 安定性及反应性 Stability and Reactivity

稳定性：正常使用时是稳定的

Stability: It is extremely stable for normal use.

应避免的条件：电池外部短路、受压变形、100°C以上的高温（可能会引起发热、发火）、直射日光、高湿度

Avoid Condition: External short-circuit, deformation by press, excessive temperature (above 100°C, which may cause heat or fire), expose to sun directly or high humidity.

应避免的物体：引起短路的物体

Avoid Substance: Substance may cause short-circuit.

11 . 毒理性信息 Toxicological Information

化学成分被密封在电池钢壳之中，不具危害性。

Chemicals are sealed in the steel can without danger.

以下是電池主要部材的毒理性信息，作为参考用途。

The followings are toxicological information for materials of batteries for reference.

部材 Component	毒性的种类 Classification	毒性 / 症状 Symptom
二氧化锰 Manganese Dioxide	急性毒性 Acute Toxicity	兔子Rabbit LDLO(静脉vein)=45mg/kg 老鼠Mouse LD50(皮下subcutaneous)=422mg/kg
	局部效果 Partially Affected	刺激眼 鼻、嗓子、皮肤 Irritation to eyes, nose, throat and skin.
	慢性或長期毒性 Chronic Toxicity or Long-Term Toxicity	长期（最低3个月）的灰尘或气体吸入 有可能会引起类似帕金森的中枢神经症候群 Parkinson's central nervous syndrome may caused by long-term (at least 3 months) inhalation of dirt or gas.
锂金属Lithium Metal	急性毒性 Acute Toxicity	没有金属状态的情报 No reference
	局部效果 Partially Affected	接触皮肤或眼睛，会引起化学烧伤或碱性化学烧伤 Chemical burning may occur in case of contact to skin or eyes.
電解液 Electrolyte	急性毒性 Acute Toxicity	目前没有情报 No reference
	局部效果 Partially Affected	对眼睛有少量刺激 A little irritation to eyes.

1 2 . 环境影响 Environment Effects

残留性· 分解性 Residual property/Resolvability	无参考信息 No reference
对土壤的污染 Soil Pollution	无参考信息 No reference

1 3 . 废弃时的注意 Disposal Considerations

用完的电池根据规定进行废弃。

Dispose of in a consistent manner according to the regulations.

作为安全措施，为防止短路造成的发热·破裂，用胶带贴电池两个端子、用绝缘袋捆包，或用原来的包装袋捆包、电池做恰当的绝缘处理。

For safety purpose, insulation measures are needed to avoid heat or rupture caused by short-circuit. Such as film on terminals, insulation bag or original package for packing .

1 4 . 输送注意 Transportation Information

***注意!请以最新版的相关法规要求为准，具体可否进行运输及其差异化条件需与具体的承运方进行确认。**

锂金属单体电池及组装电池、归属于国际class9 分类中、并编有下列国际编号。

运输锂金属单体电池或组装电池时、必须满足国际运输法规的要求。

我司的电池(第1 章中表述) 以及出货包装都满足UN Manual of Test and Criteria, Part III, subsection 38.3的要求事项、并且满足以下的要求事项，才得以被允许运输的。

***CAUTION! Please follow the latest revision of relevant regulations. Any specific transportation issues or conditions should be confirmed with the carrier.**

All single lithium-metal cells or battery packs are considered as Class 9 according to international standards as shown below. The transport of lithium-metal cells or battery packs should meet requirements defined in International Transport Regulations. All of our products (defined in chapter 1) and its packing forms meet the requirements of UN Manual of Test and Criteria, Part III, subsection. Besides, the following transportation requirements shall be met when delivery.

< 空运 Air Transport >

我司的电池，单体电池锂含有量大于0.3g并在1g 以下的、或者组装电池的锂含有量超过0.3g、并在2g 以下的其中一项、符合IATA 危险物规则 (IATA-DGR) 的包装规格

(Packing Instruction) 968 Section IB、II 。电池及出货捆包、全部满足Section IB、II 运输条件，因此虽然是class 9 危险物、但是即便不用包装等级II的容器也可以运输。

All batteries produced by our company, including single cells with lithium content more than 0.3g but less than 1g or battery pack models with lithium content more than 0.3g but less than 2g, conform to 968 Section IB or II defined in Packing Instruction of IATA-DGR. All of our products and its packing forms meet the requirements of Section IB or II, though the battery itself is considered as dangerous goods, it can be transported without applying containers defined as Class II.

< 海运 Sea Transport >

我司的电池属于锂含有量1g 以下的单体電池、或2g 以下的组装电池、满足国际海运危险品法规 (IMDG Code) 188、及运输条件，作为危险品以外的物质可以运输。

All batteries produced by our company, including single cells with lithium content less than 1g or battery pack models with lithium content less than 2g, conform to special regulation 188 and transport condition defined in IMDG-Code. It can be transported as non-dangerous goods.

UN No. (国联编号)	Proper Shipping Name/Description (运输品类/描述)
UN 3090	Lithium Metal Batteries (锂金属电池)
UN 3091	Lithium Metal Batteries Contained in Equipment (安装于设备内的锂金属电池)
UN 3091	Lithium Metal Batteries Packed with Equipment (与装置一同包装的锂金属电池)

相关法规 : [Related Regulation:](#)

运输手段 Transport form	相关机构 / 相关法规 Relevant agencies/Issued documents
空运 (航空运输) Air transport	ICAO (国际民用航空组织) / TI (技术指南) IATA (国际航空运输协会) / DGR (危险品法规)
海运 (船舶运输) Sea	IMO (国际海事组织) / IMDG Code (国际海运危险品法规)
公路运输 (欧洲境内) Land transport (within Europe)	RID (铁路运输法规) , ADR (公路运输法规)

美国 / 国际 US/Internation	USDOT (美国运输部) / DOT 49 CFR (美国特定法规)
	UN: Recommendations on the transport of dangerous goods: Manual of Tests and Criteria 5th revised edition Amendment 1 [ST/SG/AC.10/11/Rev.5/Amend.1]:PartIII, Subsection 38.3

*1 Dangerous Goods Regulations – 58th Edition Effective 1 January 2017: International Air Transport Association (IATA)

*2 IMDG Code 37-14

*3 RID - COTIF 1999/Appendix C-RID/Article 5

*4 ADR - ADR/Part 3/CHAPTER 3.3/3.3.1/Clause188、230、238、239、310

1 5 . 危险物规制内容 [Regulations for Dangerous Goods](#)

电池环境相关法 : EU 诸国根据电池指令2006/66/EC相关法规、以及其他国家如中国、韩国、巴西等国, 及北美加拿大都是相类似的法规。

[Related environment regulations for batteries: EU countries according to the Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, and other countries like China, Korea, brazil, North America or Canada have similar regulations.](#)

1 6 . 其他 [Others](#)

引用文献 [Reference](#)

(1) 国际航空运输协会 危险品规则 (最新版)

(1) IATA DGR(Dangerous Goods Regulations), latest edition

(2) 文本中定义为危险物品的, 在航空运输过程中可能会引起爆炸。

(2) Notice defined in air transport regulations for dangerous goods may cause explosion.

本资料是以电池在正常条件下使用为前提编制的引导性文件, 不具备任何保障。

[This instruction established based on the normal use of the battery, without any ensurance.](#)